INTRODUCTION

Before the pandemic, Consumers for Quality Care (CQC) research showed that Americans were more concerned with health care costs than costs related to retirement, housing, childcare and higher education. The pandemic put even more stress on our nation’s health care infrastructure and exposed serious flaws in the system for patients; at the center of the issue is how much Americans are paying for care.

Recent research conducted by ALG Research and Michigan Researchers Associates, Inc., conducted on behalf of Consumers for Quality Care, shows voters in Michigan and across the U.S. want elected officials to get those costs down, so that they can feel confident that they have access to the quality health care they want, when they need it.

SURVEY RESULTS

Voters in ALG Research and Michigan Researchers Associates, Inc. (EPIC • MRA)’s recent Michigan poll see affordability as a major issue in the state’s health care system. While voters generally believe the health care system is meeting their needs and are wary of making fundamental changes to it, especially as we continue to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic, it’s clear out-of-pocket costs are having a serious impact. As a result, voters – even those with insurance – are struggling to afford quality care and are racking up medical debt as costs continue to climb.
More than three-in-four voters (77%) agree that the amount they pay for health care seems to be going up every year.

A majority (56%) agree that at some point they have struggled to pay a medical bill even while they had health insurance.

More than a quarter (27%) actively have unpaid or overdue medical bills that they are having difficulty paying off. Among voters who are already struggling financially, this number climbs to 55%.

Voters cite cost (49%) as the thing they want their leaders to work on most—roughly three times as many choose cost compared to those who choose improving access (15%), quality (17%), or ease-of-navigation (16%). However, in an open-ended question, nearly as many respondents said “good health care” would mean access to good health care providers (36%) as said it would mean more affordable care (38%).
Majorities are concerned about being able to afford high deductibles (74% concerned), getting a surprise medical bill (72%), or being able to afford their monthly premium (58%). When it comes to reducing the costs of healthcare, Michigan voters would most like to see lower premiums (22%), lower prescription medication costs (20%) and lower deductibles (17%).
Most agree we should be cautious making changes as we come out of the COVID-19 pandemic (68% agree), and they are looking to Congress for targeted fixes that build on the current system (59%) rather than fundamentally transforming it (25%). While a majority of voters (52%) want to see at least some government involvement in providing coverage, just 14% of voters overall and 21% of Democrats want a fully government-run system.

THINKING ABOUT CHANGES CONGRESS COULD MAKE TO THE HEALTH CARE SYSTEM, WHICH IS CLOSER TO YOUR VIEW?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Congress should focus more on building upon the current system by making specific fixes, such as reducing out-of-pocket costs</th>
<th>Don’t know</th>
<th>Congress should focus more on fundamentally transforming the health care system</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OVERALL</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>25</td>
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<tr>
<td>DEMOCRAT</td>
<td>55</td>
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<td>INDEPENDENT</td>
<td>56</td>
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<td>REPUBLICAN</td>
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• Make sure insurance deductibles are low enough that they don’t get in the way of getting quality care (90% agree with this).
• Prevent insurance companies from selling plans that cover so little that it isn’t affordable to get care (85% agree with this).
• Increase transparency so patients know the costs of their care and how much they’ll have to pay (74% think this is serious problem).

DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE WITH THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS?

Insurance deductibles should be low enough that they don’t get in the way of getting the health care you need.

Strongly agree 63
Somewhat agree 7
Strongly disagree 2
Somewhat disagree 1

Insurance companies should not be allowed to sell plans that cover so little that going to the doctor isn’t affordable.

Very serious problem 58
Somewhat serious problem 8
Only minor problem 3
Not really a problem 6

Lack of price transparency, making it hard for patients to know the cost of their health care and how much they must pay.

Very serious problem 38
Somewhat serious problem 19
Only minor problem 6
Not really a problem 6
A narrow plurality of voters overall (43% expanded / 33% remain the same / 10% reduced) and Independents (39% expanded / 17% remain the same / 17% reduced) support expanding the Healthy Michigan plan for health care. Despite attempts from Republican legislators to reduce or eliminate Healthy Michigan, just 11% of Republican voters want to see it reduced and most want to see it remain the same (43%).

**OVERALL, 65% OF MICHIGANDERS ARE CONCERNED THAT COVID-19 SURVIVORS WHO DEVELOP SERIOUS HEALTH PROBLEMS MAY HAVE TO PAY A GREATER SHARE OF THEIR HEALTH CARE COSTS OR MAY NOT BE COVERED AT ALL BECAUSE THEY CONTRACTED COVID. THIS HELD TRUE IN BOTH HOUSEHOLDS THAT HAVE NOT EXPERIENCED ANY COVID-19 INFECTIONS (60% CONCERNED) AND IN THE 22% OF MICHIGAN HOUSEHOLDS THAT HAVE EXPERIENCED A COVID-19 INFECTION (69% CONCERNED).**
ABOUT CONSUMERS FOR QUALITY CARE (CQC)

Consumers for Quality Care (CQC) is a coalition of advocates and former policymakers working to provide a voice for patients in the health care debate as they demand better care. CQC is led by a board of directors that includes the Honorable Donna Christensen, physician and former Member of Congress; Jim Manley, former senior advisor to Senators Edward Kennedy and Harry Reid; and Jason Resendez, community advocate, and health care strategist.

TO LEARN MORE ABOUT CONSUMERS FOR QUALITY CARE AND THE ISSUES CONSUMERS ARE EXPERIENCING, VISIT CONSUMERS4QUALITYCARE.ORG
Key Findings

These findings are from an online survey, designed by ALG Research and EPIC • MRA and conducted by ALG Research July 15-19, 2021 among N=600 registered voters in Michigan. Overall results were weighted to reflect the composition of registered voters in the state.